

### **Bank Supervisor School**

#### LEAD INTENTIONALLY TO CREATE AN EXCEPTIONAL TEAM



**Prepared for :** VIRGINIA BANKERS ASSOCIATION

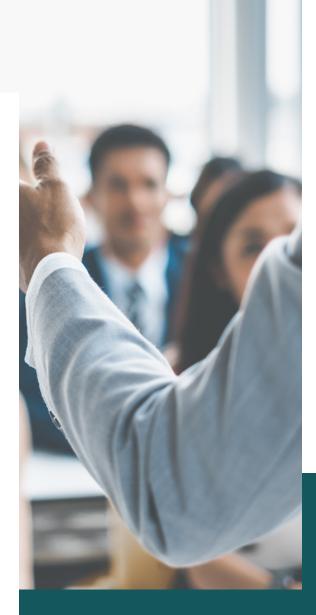
2022

### **About Us**

VK Solutions was launched in 2010 for the original intent of assisting community banks with training and development. Vicki Kraai was named the CEO of InterAction Training in 2020. We have made the transition from VK Solutions to InterAction Training, and we now have a larger team of trainers to support you! Our approach is to give you the tools you need in your organization to successfully lead and manage teams that in turn create extraordinary customer experiences turning customers into advocates of your business. We work alongside you to assist with organizational health and creating a culture that sets you apart as an employer of choice. We focus on investing in and developing your people portfolio which improves culture and is one of the best things you can do for your bottom line!

Here are some of the programs/services we offer:

- Train the Trainer Boot Camp
- Leadership training/Supervisor Boot Camp
- Teller (Customer experience) training
- One-on-one coaching
- Sales/Business Development training
- Talent management
- Talent assessments
- Team Building
- Organizational Culture



#### What if I train them and they leave? What if you don't and they stay?

Want to learn about all we have to offer? Call us or visit our website!



(402) 984-9297 | www.interaction-training.com

### **Your Presenters**



Vicki Kraai is CEO of InterAction Training. A company passionate about professional development training and education. Vicki's 25+ years of Community Bank experience started at the family bank in rural Nebraska, serving as a bank teller and eventually becoming CEO. Vicki's many years of banking include credit card lending experience where she was a member of the management team that launched the Cabela's credit card program. She has a passion for developing people for success in the financial services industry. Banker's value Vicki's highly engaging "been there, done that" approach to all facets of her training and speaking engagements.

Vicki shares her expertise and experience as a faculty member for State Bank Association Schools and the Graduate School of Banking in Madison, WI.



Karen Butcher is a former teacher, Mary Kay Sales Director, and trainer whose career journey led her to leave the corporate world to train and coach women and men who want to elevate their leadership skills, lead productive teams, and achieve their goals.

Karen is a Certified Bank Training Professional who earned her credential in 2016. She is a Senior Trainer with VK Solutions and travels the country facilitating bank supervisor training.

Karen also works with Leadership Kentucky as the program coordinator for BRIGHT Kentucky, a new program for young professionals in the 54 counties of the Appalachian Regional Commission.

Karen's passion for people is evident and she knows what is required to become a leader who people want to follow. She believes it's time for a new leadership philosophy where leaders hold themselves and their teams accountable and let go of outdated practices.

Karen is a faith-filled woman who is courageous, resilient, and compassionate. She is driven to partner with clients who desire to elevate their skills and gain the courage to take new action.

When not traveling, playing with their grandson Teddy and visiting family, Karen and her husband Gene stake their claim in Central Kentucky where Gene raises sheep on his family farm.



### Understanding Yourself & Others

Through understanding more about yourself, you gain insight into other personalities and tendencies of behavior. With increased knowledge of self and others, communication improves.

Activity: Who's in the Room?



# Welcome To DISC



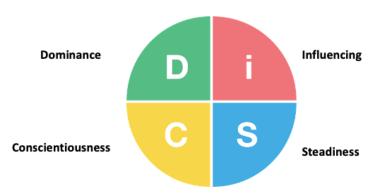
Circle 4 traits that best describe you. Put an X by 4 traits of the person you have a hard time communicating with.

Can tend to dominate the conversation
Fact Finder
Great listener
Quick decision maker
High energy
Cautious
Competitive
Patient
Likes to work independently
Inspire others to do their best & very optimistic
Operate "by the book"
Likes stability
Results driven
Relates/connects well with others, even a new acquaintance
Needs to have challenge in their environment/role
Values long term relationships
Not a fan of chitchat. Get to the point.
Likes harmony
Task oriented

### What is **DISC**?

The universal language of **observable** human behavior. It is **how** we communicate, verbally and non-verbally.

- There are NO right or wrong styles
- No style is "better" than another
- All styles can be successful leaders and teammates
- Every style has strengths that can be leveraged
- All styles can adapt to be more effective



D Style (Problems)	I Style (People)
Priorities: Results, Action, Challenge	Priorities: Enthusiasm, Action, Collaboration
Contributions:	Contributions:
Pushes for results	Generates enthusiasm
Shows decisiveness	Creates a lively environment
Displays confidence	<ul> <li>Is eager to get things started</li> </ul>
Conveys urgency	Gets everyone involved
Speaks up about problems	Connects with others

C Style (Procedures)
Priorities: Accuracy, Procedures, Challenge
Contributions:
Strives for reliability
Ensures accuracy
Provides logical analysis
Questions ideas
Maintains high standards



<ul> <li>Communicating with a high D:</li> <li>Be quick, focused and to the point.</li> <li>Don't ramble on or waste their time.</li> <li>Don't come with decision made or make it for them.</li> <li>Don't try to build personal relationships or chitchat.</li> <li>Present a win-win strategy.</li> <li>Come prepared and organized.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communicating with a high I:</li> <li>Provide ideas for implementing action.</li> <li>Focus on people and action items.</li> <li>Put details in writing.</li> <li>Ask for their opinion.</li> <li>Don't leave decisions up in the air.</li> <li>Don't drive facts, figures and alternatives.</li> <li>Incorporate personal.</li> <li>Be positive.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Communicating with a high S:</li> <li>Start with personal questions. Break the ice.</li> <li>Present your case in a logical, soft and non-threatening way.</li> <li>Don't threaten with positional power or be demanding.</li> <li>Don't interrupt as they speak. Listen carefully.</li> <li>Show sincere interest in them.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communicating with a high C:</li> <li>Allow them their space. Don't touch them.</li> <li>Don't be disorganized or messy.</li> <li>Don't force a quick decision. Give them time.</li> <li>Don't be vague about expectations or fail to follow through.</li> <li>Prepare your case in advance.</li> <li>Approach them in a straight-forward, direct way.</li> </ul>

How would this be helpful in managing your teams?



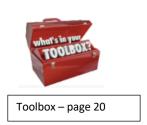
#### Leading an Exceptional Team – What it takes?





# List of VALUES

Accountability Achievement Adaptability Adventure Altruism Ambition Authenticity Balance Beauty Being the best Belonging Career Caring Collaboration Ethics Excellence Fairness Faith Family Financial stability Forgiveness Freedom Friendship Fun Future generations Generosity Giving back Grace Kindness Knowledge Leadership Learning Legacy Leisure Love Love Loyalty Making a difference Nature Openness Optimism Order Parenting Self-respect Serenity Service Simplicity Spirituality Sportsmanship Stewardship Success Teamwork Thrift Time Tradition Travel Trust



### Know your Why

# Knowing the mission, purpose and your WHY.



"Without a mission statement, you may get to the top of the ladder, and then realize it was leaning against the wrong building." – Dave Ramsey



Operating from your WHY, not your what. It's not what you do that matters, it is WHY you do what you do that matters!

	ENJOYMENT	IMPORTANCE
Financial Performance	5	3
Driving Marketing & Sales	1	2
Handling the Board	3	5
Leading & Managing	4	4
Interacting with key customers	2	1
Interacting with key customers	2	Source: The Motive

# Excelling at Leading, Supervising & Coaching

10



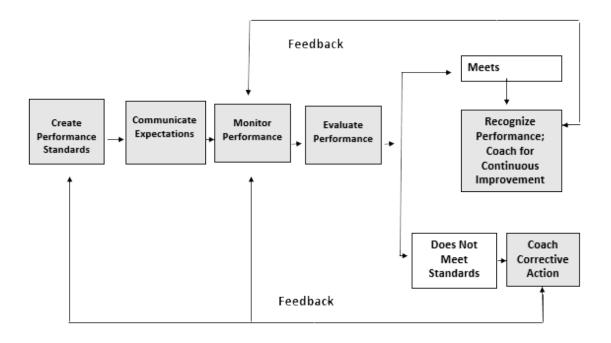
# The process used to guide others to discover the best way to accomplish a goal successfully.

How do we get others to do what we want them to do? As leaders, our job requires us to set expectations for performance; communicate those expectations and monitor and evaluate the performance. But, what then? What do we do if the performance is on target? What about if the performance is below standard?

Our job also involves our best shot at getting employees to change their behavior, or to validate the employee so they will continue their behavior.



### **Coaching Choices® Model**



As we work the Coaching Choices<sup>©</sup> Model and continue the process of leading and assisting employees on improvement issues, we explore coaching and Choice Theory.

It is not enough to Create Performance Standards, Communicate Expectations, Monitor and Evaluate Performance without working with the employee to improve their behavior or reinforce good behavior. That's where coaching becomes a valuable skill for managers. Why invest in someone through hiring and training, just to lose them because we don't know how to help them achieve better results?

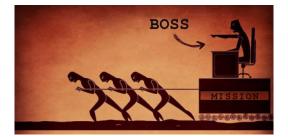
#### Coaching Choices<sup>©</sup> is the method.

### Your role as a leader

It is the single most important activity we are accountable for as managers and supervisors...



"When you were made a leader you weren't given a crown, you were given the responsibility to bring out the best in others." - Jack Welch, Former CEO of GE



Don't put yourself on a pedestal.

You don't know everything. You do know that don't you.

It means you listen with intent to learn rather than show what you know. We need to be coachable.

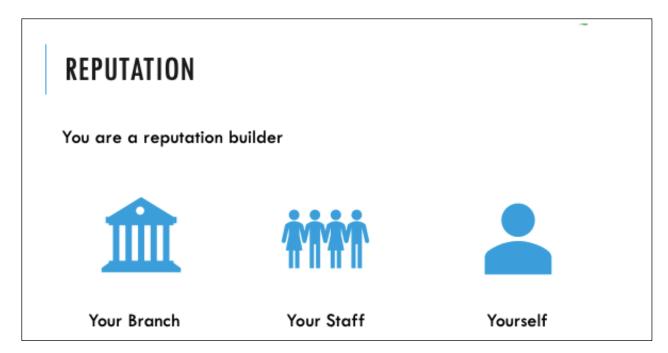
Source: Inspireyourpeople.com

Time tracking exercise:

List out the duties and responsibilities that you have in your position today....

Roles and responsibilities	% of time spent - actual	% Goal





BOSS	LEADER
Drives Employees	
Depends on Authority	
Inspires Fear	
Says, "I"	
Places blame for the breakdown	
Knows how it is done	
Uses people	
Takes credit	
Commands	
Says, "Go"	

Words we need to eliminate from our world as a supervisor/manager:

Eliminate	Alternative
Boss	Coach/Mentor/Team leader
Pedestal	Team player
Constructive Criticism	Constructive Feedback
Do you have any to add?	

### Leadership

Anyone who takes responsibility for finding the \_\_\_\_\_\_ in people and processes and has

the \_\_\_\_\_\_ to develop that potential. – Brene Brown

Teach our team members to self-evaluate & self-correct



#### What am I modeling?

When am I connecting?

How am I involving?

How to Be No Ego:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.



w to **BE NO EGO** nble. Understand you are a

part of the world. Service and e should be top priorities.

hable. Focus on what you can ther than showing what you uch of what you know began work of someone else.

ore. Make every effort to erstand what others are yond just words). Allow a ince before responding. ions (and listen, again).

people. Enjoy others' ns. Don't squelch ideas rritory. Encourage more.

10 of the need to be right

eYourPeople.com



### **Self-Evaluation**

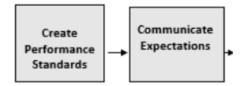
Self-evaluation is a skill used by those who want to elevate their personal and professional skills. It takes courage and vulnerability to be honest with yourself. The results help you create a plan to close the gap between where you are now and where you want to be.

On a scale of 1-10 with 1 being low and 10 being high, rate yourself on the following.

Name	
Question	Rating
How successful do you want to be as a leader?	
Where do you rate yourself now?	
What do you think needs to happen for you to close the gap?	

### **Setting Expectations**

As leaders, our job requires us to set expectations for performance. What does this look like in your workplace beyond the job description?



On-boarding must-do's:

- Review the job description
- Review the performance review
- **Professional maturity expectations** (in the toolkit!)
- Behavior expectations (non-negotiables on my team)
- What happens when they are NOT meeting PERFORMANCE and BEHAVIOR expectations



Professional maturity relates specifically to how one acts and reacts on the job. Possessing professional maturity means you act responsibly according to circumstances.

Appearance Perception is Key!



Appearance

- Do I look professional?
- Do I feel confident?
- Can I be trusted to take care of your money?
- What are some advantages to looking and dressing professionally for the people we serve?
- Clothing, hair, hands, nails, face, make-up, perfume...
- Too much skin, tattoos, unkept clothing...
- Behaving or acting inappropriately

#### Managing Your Image

Your image is created by what people see, sense, hear, and read about you. No doubt you see the importance of carefully considering the image you want to have and how to create it.

- What you wear sends a powerful message to others. Dress the way you want to be perceived.
- Your body language, especially your posture and attention to grooming details, will convey confidence.
- How you communicate verbally and in writing can either reinforce or erode your professional maturity.





### Communication

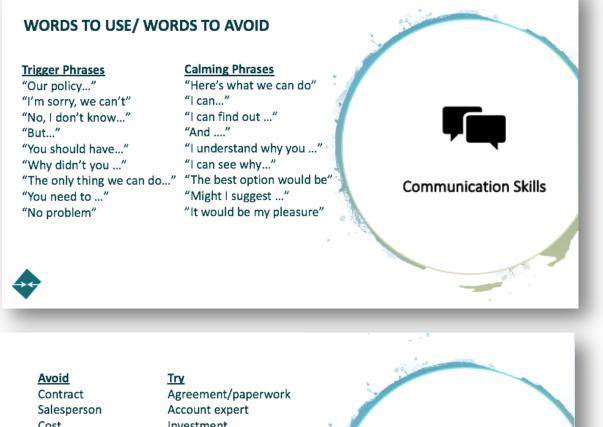


#### VERBAL AND NON-VERBAL COMMUNICATION

#### **Communication Skills**

**Communication Skills** 

- Verbal communication words are powerful we need to train on this
- Non-verbal communication can send an even stronger message



Contract Salesperson Cost Problem Objections Cheaper Service charge Complaint Fault Mistake Reject Cannot Blame

Agreement/paperwork Account expert Investment Challenge, concern, issue Areas of concern More economical Processing fee Experience Lapse Oversight Decline Can Accountable





It's the difference between seeing the glass half full vs. half empty

Life is 10% what happens to me and 90% how I react to it – Excerpt from Chuck Swindoll

Careful – Your attitude is showing!



#### CONFIDENCE

Without confidence in yourself and your abilities, you will be inclined to avoid challenges and struggle with decision making.

Best practices in building confidence

- 1. Set personal and professional goals
- 2. Be a sponge always willing to learn
- 3. Seek out additional responsibilities to help others
- 4. Take charge of a work project or volunteer
- 5. List What strengths do I bring to the team?

#### REPUTATION

A good reputation will serve you well all through life.

Best practices in managing your reputation

- Social networking sites build or destroy?
- Trustworthiness

Nothing can tarnish a person's reputation more than being perceived as untrustworthy or dishonest.

Social media challenge: How do you want to be perceived?



**Positive Attitude** 



#### Good Work Habits



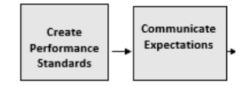
#### We MUST train our staff on these components!



Professional Maturity training document Toolbox – pages 11-16

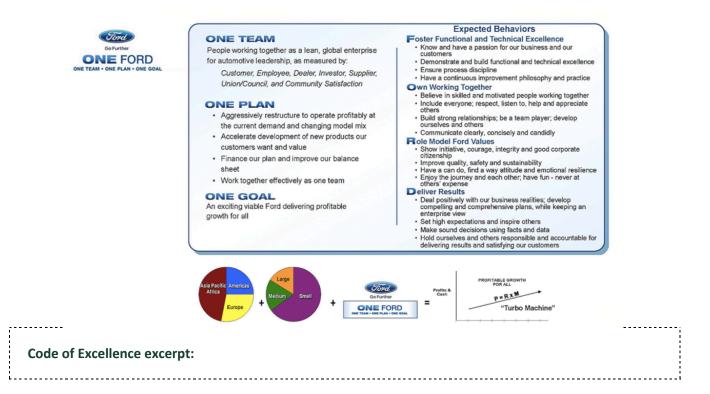
#### **Behavior Expectations**

What should this look like for the team you manage?



### **Behavior Expectations**

#### Examples...



- •I act with integrity and the highest ethical standards at all times.
- •I consistently surpass the expectations of our customers and provide excellent service.
- •I build strong relationships that create customers for life.
- •I lead by example and will innovate and improve the customer experience.
- •I own and immediately resolve problems without blame or excuses.
- •I am proud of my professional appearance, behavior and positive attitude.



#### Example

- PLAY: State of mind brining energy to everyday tasks at band
- CHOOSE YOUR ATTITUDE: Reaction to what life gives you, your choices affect others
- BE THERE: Becoming engaged and being emotionally present for all those around you
- MAKE THEIR DAY: Contribute to others in a meaningful and memorable way. Small acts of kindness.



More examples

Toolbox - page 10

### **On-Purpose Coaching – One-on-one's**

Do we only coach if we have a performance or behavior issue to address? The answer is **NO!** 

One-on-one's are designed for:

- ✓ Individual training/coaching
- ✓ Career path development (current job)
- ✓ Career path development (job you aspire to have)
- ✓ Serving as a coach to your employee
- ✓ Being intentional about getting to know your employee

**ONE-ON-ONE FORMAT SUGGESTIONS** 

✓ As your supervisor/manager...

	Keep Doing	Stop Doing	Start Doing	
✓ 10 – 10 - 10				

**Toolbox documents** 

- ✓ Employee Attitude Survey page 6
- ✓ Self-Evaluation template page 17

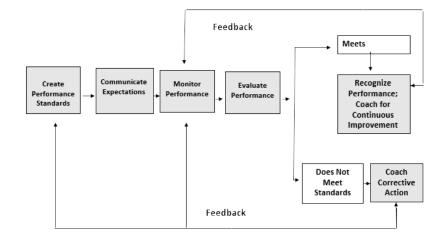


COACHING: What it is	COACHING: What it is not



# **On-Purpose Coaching**

What happens when we monitor and evaluate, and **performance** or **behavior** expectations are not being met?



Our job involves our best shot at **getting employees to change their behavior**, or to validate the employee so they will continue their behavior/performance.

Consider this...

Whatever we allow...continues...

- Employee showing up late to work
- Employee not following the dress code
- Cell phone use in front of a customer

#### **Supervisor Pledge**

It is my	and my	to address
perf	ormance and recognize	or above performance.

# **WDEP** System

The W D E P system is the guide for lead managers to encourage quality performance in the workplace.

What do you WANT?

What are you **DOING**?

EVALUATING - Is it HELPING OR HURTING?

W	D	Ε	Ρ
Discuss Wants and	Discuss Direction and	Encourage	Formulate a
Perceptions	Doing	Self-Evaluation	Plan of Action



### W – What do you want?

Asking the **want** questions will help the employee and you, the coach, understand what motivates your employee. Often, employees are not sure how to respond to wanting questions, so it takes the supervisor, asking many questions to help uncover the wants.

Here's how it might sound:

- 1. What kind of change do you want?
- 2. How do you picture things being for you?
- 3. What would it be like if you did have \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. What do you want your boss to say about you?
- 5. What expectations do others have of you?
- 6. What does your boss want from you?
- 7. What do you want that is different than what others want from you?
- 8. What would you like to talk about?
- 9. What would it take for you to be motivated?
- 10. Do you want to talk about \_\_\_\_\_\_ this morning or this afternoon?

### D – what you are doing?

- 1. What are you doing to accomplish the goals you have set to get the things you want?
- 2. What are the specific, process-centered actions you are taking to get what you want?
- 3. If you keep on doing what you're doing now will it help get you closer to or further away from your goals?
- 4. What are you doing now to get what you want?
- 5. What have you tried that works for you?
- 6. What have you tried that did not work for you?
- 7. What action have you taken?
- 8. Is there a 'go-to' behavior that you depend on to get you\_\_\_\_\_?
- 9. Tell me what you are doing that is working?
- 10. Tell me what you are doing that is not working for you?

### E- Evaluate what you are doing is it helping or hurting?

- 1. On a scale of 1 -10, how successful do you want to be in your current role?
- 2. Is what you're doing getting you closer to what you want or further away from it? (twice)
- 3. How is what you're doing helping you get what you want?
- 4. How realistic or attainable is what you want?
- 5. How does it help you to look at it from that point of view?
- 6. How committed are you to the process and to changing your life?
- 7. If you can't have what you want what are you willing to change?
- 8. Is this something that is O.K. for you?
- 9. What is your responsibility in this matter?
- 10. How do you feel when you do that?
- 11. Would you want others to relate to you that way?

"IT TAKES COURAGE TO ASK A QUESTION RATHER THAN OFFER UP ADVICE, PROVIDE AN ANSWER OF UNLEASH A SOLUTION"



BRENE' BROWN



### **P** – what is your **plan**?

Outcome- or goal-centered plans versus Process-centered Plans

A process-centered plan focuses on the action the person can realistically accomplish apart from any ultimate result. Below are examples:

Outcome- or Goal-Centered Plans	Process-Centered Plans
To get along better with coworkers.	To compliment coworkers on things they do well. To not make fun of my coworkers.
To increase my production.	To increase my production by 5%.
To handle my anger better.	To count to 10 before saying anything when I am mad.
To improve my attendance.	To come to work every day.
To come to work on time.	To get up 15 minutes earlier on workdays.
To get healthy.	To eat balanced meals; walk 20 minutes per day.

Process-centered plans are realistic, attainable, and dependent only on the person making the plan. Outcome- or goal-centered plans are attained only as by-products of process-centered plans. Yet goals are very important. People are more likely to function in a healthful manner if they have identified their wants (goals) clearly and precisely.

As plans are made it is important to commit to the plan. This symbolizes closing the deal, signing the contract, or shaking hands on the plan.

On a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 being "not committed" and 5 being "very committed," how committed are you to this plan?

When will you do it? When will you begin?

What are the consequences if you don't do it, or if you change your mind?

#### Here's what WDEP may look like ...

These questions can be answered with yes or no. To engage your coaches beyond yes or no, a good technique is to add openers like: "tell me your thoughts about whether what you want is realistic or attainable."

On a scale of 1-10, how successful do you want to be in this job?

Is your action helpful in getting the job done?

Is your action helpful to others?

Tell me what you are doing that is working?

What do you want your co-workers to say about you?

Would you like some help and advice regarding that?

I can understand how frustrating it can be to experience a customer yelling at you. (fact). I can see why you'd react that way. I think you will increase your chances of success if you...

How well is that working for you?



### **Additional Dialog Starters**

When you are addressing performance or behavior issues there isn't 'one right way' to start. However, you want to be sure the employee knows that these meetings or discussions are a serious matter.

Here's how you might begin the conversation:

- 1. "The reason I've called you in today is to discuss..."
- 2. "In reviewing your attendance record, I notice that..."
- 3. "When you do\_\_\_\_\_, what I tell myself about you is\_\_\_\_"
- 4. "The standard for acceptable performance in this area is..."
- 5. "You are only meeting 60% of your goal in the area of..."
- 6. "I want to talk to you about your performance."
- 7. "Your behavior in not accepting (the new employee) into the work group is inappropriate and disrespectful."
- 8. "It has come to my attention that..."
- 9. "Mary informed me that you acted in an inappropriate manner when you were talking to her about your work orders."
- 10. "I want to discuss an important and serious matter with you."
- 11. "Thanks for taking the time to. . . because of your support, I was able to. . ."
- 12. "You did a great job on. \_\_\_\_\_I thought \_\_\_\_\_\_ was particularly effective because \_\_\_\_"
- 13. "I want you to come to team meetings on a regular basis. You provide valuable insights and unique idea help us continue to make progress."
- 14. "I understand how\_\_\_\_ (feeling) it can be to experience \_\_\_\_ (fact)."
- 15. "I can see why you'd react that way. It can be\_\_\_\_ (feeling) when \_\_\_\_ (fact) happens."

- 16. "From what you've said, it sounds like you're\_\_\_\_ (feeling) about \_\_\_ (fact)."
- 17. "What could be your next step?"
- 18. "How do you anticipate handling that? What ideas do you have?"
- 19. "I have a situation I'm facing, and I could use your help."
- 20. "What role would you like to play?"
- 21. "Who else do you think needs to be involved?"
- 22. "Let me tell you about an experience I had recently and what I learned from it. Maybe it can help you think about other ways to approach this project."
- 23. "This is what I know about the background on that decision..."
- 24. "From my perspective, this is important because. . ."
- 25. "My first reaction to your idea is that. . ."
- 26. "I was having trouble accepting \_\_\_\_, too. Eventually, it helped me to see this in a different light."
- 27. "I think you'll increase your chances of success if you. . ."
- 28. "I'm less concerned about. ... My bigger concern is . . . because. . ."
- 29. "What kind of support would you want to achieve your goal?"
- 30. "Before you move forward, what can I do to remove the barriers we identified?"
- 31. "I appreciate that you're looking to me for ideas. Why don't we explore the options you've all thought of before I offer any suggestions?"
- 32. "While I appreciate your vote of confidence, I think the group would rather hear directly from you because you have the expertise they're looking for. We could talk about how you might approach them, if that would help."
- 33. "What difficulties, if any, do you foresee? In which cases would my involvement help the most?"

### **Confident and Courageous Conversations**

#### **Process Example**



#### Sample dialogue

- 1. When you
- 2. I feel/think
- 3. What I would prefer
- 4. Can we agree



### **Common Coaching Challenges & Tips**

Challenge	Тір
Coaching an employee or team who needs technical help when you are not	Admit you're not the expert.
the technical expert.	Match the employee or team with the appropriate technical resource.
Coaching someone who is not open to your feedback.	Be a good role model by seeking feedback from them.
	Reward or recognize the employee when they do accept feedback or when you see a positive change in behavior or attitude.
	Revisit role clarity. Is there confusion as to who does what?
	Check your assumptions on the level of coaching needed.
	Suggest a meeting to discuss the employee's reluctance to feedback.
Coaching employees who lack confidence in their abilities.	Acknowledge fears or reluctance and spend time discussing how to minimize their discomfort.
	Recognize their overall ability and past good performance in related situations and reinforce the value of their input.
	Be specific about role clarity—what they are accountable for and the support that you can provide.
	Keep the discussion future-oriented by developing action plans and tracking methods.
Coaching employees in whom you lack confidence in their abilities.	Share your specific concerns about the tasks involved, being careful to focus on the situation rather than the employee.
	Discuss ways to achieve success.
Coaching a team who thinks their way is best.	Ask them how they think their plan might work.
	Examine the pros and cons of each idea.
	Share your concerns about the idea, including your rationale.
	If possible, try to build on some component of their idea.

Challenge	Тір
Coaching an employee who uses the right approach but fails to make progress due	Reinforce the employee for using the right approach.
to circumstances out of the employee's	Discuss new ways to address the opportunity in light of
control.	changing circumstances.
	Discuss what was learned from the experience and how to
	apply it to future situations.
Coaching employees whose work sites	Ask other leaders or team members for help in identifying
are away from yours or whose major	coaching opportunities.
projects are directed by others.	Routinely check to see if there are problems or challenges that
	you might be able to help with.
Coaching the way you want to within the time constraints that you have.	Review priorities; delegate tasks.
	Plan and organize regular update meetings with those you
	coach.
	If appropriate, ask other leaders or team members to assume
	some of the coaching.

#### To guarantee failure in changing an employee's behavior:

- 1. Don't get the employee involved; just talk at him.
- 2. Don't give specific feedback; talk in generalities.
- 3. Concentrate on attitude, rather than behavior.
- 4. Assume the employee understands that a problem exists.
- 5. Assume the employee knows what has to be done to solve the problem.
- 6. Don't follow up to insure the employee has taken the agreed-upon action.
- 7. Don't acknowledge or praise the employee when he improves the behavior.



# **Quality Habits**



### **Deadly Habits**



### **On-Purpose Coaching**

Coaching & Courageous conversations – Wrap up

Resources/Reminders for you:

- WDEP System
- Additional Dialog Starters
- Perfect Phrases for Managers & Supervisors (Amazon.com)
- Cy Wakeman subscribe to You Tube videos

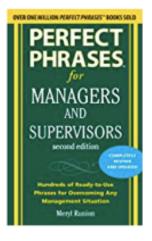
https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC5G\_jUiSFkWILIXBOmmTjgg

- Approach is key
- Stop TELLING and start ASKING

"Connection is the ability to identify with people and relate to them in a way that increases your influence with them."

John Maxwell





### Equip Yourself to Build a Productive Team



#### Objectives

At the completion of this section, participants will be able to:

- Learn how to develop and utilize teamwork in the workplace
- Ideas to empower and motivate within the workplace
- Ideal Team Player

## **Teamwork in the workplace**

<u>Examination</u>

Winning with People- John Maxwell – The Elevator Principal – "We can lift people up or take people down"

Would others say that I lift them up or take them down?

What Kind of Person Are You? - John Maxwell

Add – "Enjoy"	Subtract – "Tolerate"
Divide – "Avoid"	Multiply – "Value"

What are my strengths?

What are my blind spots?



Self-Audit Tools

Would you buy from you? – page 2

Identifying Needs (Are you a good listener?) – page 3



#### Examination

- Recognizing Differences
- Identifying Strengths
- Generational Differences
- On the bus?? Off the bus?? Change seats??

### Strengths Exercise to do with your team

Name of each person on the team

What strengths they bring to the team

Go around the room and share by person



Humble

Ideal Team Player – Patrick Lencioni

The concept: An ideal team player embodies three virtues: humility, hunger and people smarts. The power this combination yields drastically accelerates and improves the process of building high-performing teams.

Ideal team players are humble. They lack excessive ego or concerns about status. Humble people are quick to point out the contributions of others and slow to seek attention for their own. They share credit, emphasize team over self and define success collectively rather than individually.

### Hungry

Ideal team players are hungry. They are always looking for more. More things to do. More to learn. More responsibility to take on. Hungry people almost never have to be pushed by a manager to work harder because they are self-motivated and diligent. They are constantly thinking about the next step and the next opportunity.

### Smart

Ideal team players are smart. They have common sense about people. Smart people tend to know what is happening in a group situation and how to deal with others in the most effective way. They have good judgment and intuition around the subtleties of group dynamics and the impact of their words and actions.

### Humble, Hungry and Smart – The Three Virtues Combines

What makes humble, hungry and smart powerful and unique is not the individual attributes themselves, but rather the required combination of all three. If even one is missing in a team member, teamwork becomes significantly more difficult, and sometimes not possible.

The Source for Organizational Health www.tablegroup.com © 2016 The Ideal Team Player by Patrick Lencioni

### True Humility is not thinking less of yourself: it is thinking of yourself less

- C.S. Lewis



Tablegroup.com



# Self-Assessment

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Instructions

Take this assessment to evaluate yourself relative to the three virtues of an ideal team player. Respond as honestly as possible, as this will allow you to most accurately identify any areas of development that you may have.

Use the scale below to indicate how each statement applies to how you think your teammates may see you and your actions on the team. Choose the rating response number that best applies to each statement and record it in the box to the right of the statement. Then total your scores for each of the three virtues.

**RATING SCALE:** 3 = Usually, 2 = Sometimes, 1 = Rarely

### HUMBLE

My teammates would say...

1.	I compliment or praise them without hesitation.		SCORE:
2.	I easily admit to my mistakes.		SCORE:
3.	I am willing to take on lower-level work for the good of the team.		SCORE:
4.	I gladly share credit for team accomplishments.		SCORE:
5.	I readily acknowledge my weaknesses.		SCORE:
6.	I offer and accept apologies graciously.		SCORE:
		TOTAL HUMILITY	SCORE:

### HUNGRY

My teammates would say...

8. I do more than what is required in my own job.	SCORE:
8. I have a passion for the "mission" of the team.	SCORE:
9. I feel a sense of personal responsibility for the overall success of the team.	SCORE:
10. I am willing to contribute to and think about work outside of office hours.	SCORE:
11. I am willing to take on tedious or challenging tasks whenever necessary.	SCORE:
12. I look for opportunities to contribute outside of my area of responsibility.	SCORE:
TOTAL HUN	GER SCORE:



## Self-Assessment

(Continued from the previous page.)

### **SMART**

My teammates would say...

13. I generally understand what others are feeling during meetings and conversations. SCOR	15:
14. I show empathy to others on the team. SCOR	RE:
15. I demonstrate an interest in the lives of my teammates. SCOR	RE:
16. I am an attentive listener SCOR	RE:
17. I am aware of how my words and actions impact others on the team. SCOR	RE:
18. I adjust my behavior and style to fit the nature of a conversation or relationship SCOR	RE:
TOTAL SMART SCOR	RE:

### **SCORING**

Remember, the purpose of this tool is to help you explore and assess how you embody the three virtues of an ideal team player. The standards for "ideal" are high. An ideal team player will have few of these statements answered with anything lower than a '3' (usually) response.

A total score of 18 or 17 (in any virtue) is an indication that the virtue is a potential strength. A total score of 16 to 14 (in any virtue) is an indication that you most likely have some work to do around that virtue to become an ideal team player.

A total score of 13 or lower (in any virtue) is an indication that you need improvement around that virtue to become an ideal team player.

Finally, keep in mind that while this tool is quantitative, the real value will be found in the qualitative, developmental conversations among team members and their managers. Don't focus on the numbers, but rather the concepts and the individual statements where you may have scored low.

# Assessing how well the team performs

To determine if the team is performing well, place a check mark beside each item that describes behavior present in the company or team.

Uses	Instead of
"We" or "Our"	"l" or "Me"
Shared responsibility	Finger-pointing
What needs to be done "By us"	Blaming
Working together to solve	Who did what wrong
Together Everyone Accomplishes More	Let me do it
Metrics or indicators of success	Just letting it happen
Collective work products	Individual work products
Seeks out others as resources	Goes it alone
Sees mistakes as learning points	Mistakes are punished
Celebrates success of others	Envies other's success
Gives praise readily	Constructive criticism only
Asks for other's input first	Speaks first, then asks for input
Success is organizational	Success is individual
Looks for "win-win" solutions	In competition it's "win-lose"
Delegation of tasks and duties to others	Want it right? Do it yourself!

# Vulnerability, Trust & Empathy

Myth: Don't let them see you sweat! Really??? Message: I'm not vulnerable, you shouldn't be either!

Truth: Absolutely let them see you sweat! Message: I can trust you; you are acknowledging it is real

Can't build trust if we can't be vulnerable with our teams

### People would rather follow a leader that is real than one that is always right - Craig Groeschel

Craig Groeschei

Vulnerability

Can You...

Manage uncertainty, risk and emotional exposure?

Stay in the hard conversation?

Tell the truth?

Give feedback when it's hard?

Ask for feedback when it's hard?

### Dare to Lead

✓ Rumbling with Vulnerability

The emotion that we

emotional exposure.

experience during times of uncertainty, risk, and

- ✓ Living into our Values
- ✓ Learning to Rise
- Braving Trust

- Brene' Brown

Homework: Daring Leadership Assessment

https://daretolead.brenebrown.com/assessment/

Simon Sinek – Empathy & Perspective

We make a living by what we get.

we make a life by what we give.

- Winston Churchill



# Ideas to Empower and Motivate Within the Workplace

What are employees telling us?

\_\_\_\_\_% of employees who quit their jobs cite a lack of appreciation as a key reason for leaving.

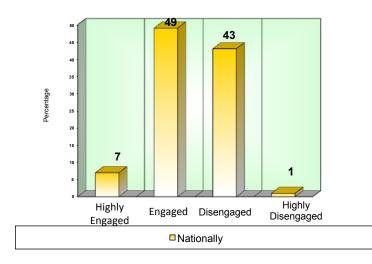
% of Americans report that they weren't recognized even once last year.

### **EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT**

Who is responsible for it?

Me?				
	You?			
		Management?		
			Board	?
Supervisors?				

Nationally - \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the workforce is "Disengaged"/"Highly Disengaged"



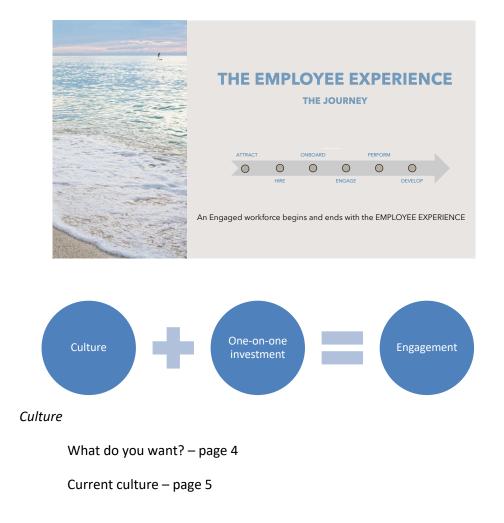
Source: Profiles International

# Employee Engagement -Defined

Satisfaction with \_\_\_\_\_

Satisfaction with \_\_\_\_\_

Engagement largely comes down to whether people have a manager who cares about them, grows them and appreciates them.



what's in your TOOLBOX?

The average American worker spends more waking hours at work than anywhere else. Do we want a culture that fuels you or sucks the life out of you?

Creating a motivating work environment – Just Ask!

Recognition Survey – page 7

Employee Needs Chart – page 8

Factors Impacting Employee Morale – page 9



What I hate about working here is that I am inundated with \_\_\_\_\_\_

	_ and!
Thank You You did a great job and I wanted you to know	The Diamond Tea

Thank you cards

A printing to a boost well will a const frager with through a lig--- Channel Printing

i.Ante

Somes!

Engagement Committee

Dedicated to Engaging Employees

General praise will not get the results you are looking for----

Be \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and do it \_\_\_\_\_\_.



# **Best Practices**

# **Hiring Best Practices**



- ✓ Ask yourself this question: Are you an Employer of Choice?
  - What is your candidate experience?
  - How do they find you? Website site? Career page?
  - Who is doing it right?
- ✓ Hire for the Right Fit Establish the desired attributes (ranked) in the dream candidate

### Attributes

- 1. Detail oriented
- 2. Willingness to learn
- 3. Organizational ability
- 4. Strong communication skills
- 5. Solutions driven
- ✓ "The Interview"
  - Consult HR on the dos and don'ts of what you can and cannot ask/say
  - Where possible use open-ended behavior-based questions
  - If in doubt, 2<sup>nd</sup> interview and/or another interviewer
- ✓ Turnover What does this look like? Who is leaving... the right people \_\_\_\_\_\_ or

the wrong people \_\_\_\_\_\_.

✓ What are your predictive indicators of turnover?

✓ Never choose the \_\_\_\_\_\_ from the \_\_\_\_\_\_ - this is called \_\_\_\_\_\_.

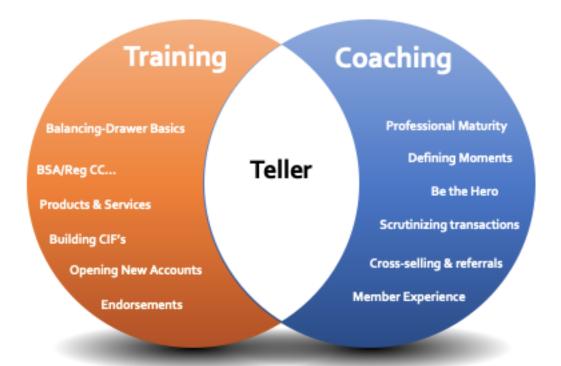


# Training/On-Boarding Best Practices

- ✓ On-Boarding should NOT be an afterthought begins prior to the first day on the job
- ✓ See everything through the lens of the new hire
- ✓ Get to Know You questionnaire
- ✓ Call before first day . . . expectations, lessen stress on Day 1
- ✓ Sample schedule

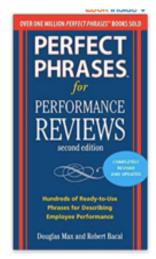
Time	Monday	Time	Tuesday	Time	Wednesday	Time	Thursday	Time	Friday
8:00 - 8:30	Bank Tour	8:00 - 8:30	On the job training w the CSR/Tellers		<b>BVS</b> Training		<b>BVS</b> Training		On the job
8:30 - 9:00	Paperwork				Courses		Courses		training w the
9:00 - 10:00	Handbook								CSR/Tellers
	Job Description/Goals/				training w the CSR/Tellers				
10:00 - 12:00	Performance Expectations/Values/ Vision/Mission/ Re-org Introduction		Training with Vicki (BVS, Bank Retail discussion, etc.)	CSR/T			Leadership Team Meeting	BVS Tr 11:00 - 12:00	BVS Training
12:00 - 1:00	Lunch	12:00 - 1:00	Lunch	12:00 - 1:00	Lunch	12:00 - 1:00	Lunch	12:00 - 1:00	Lunch
1:00 - 2:00			Training with Vicki, continu ed		BVS Training		Leadership Team Meeting, continued		
	Training Schedule				Courses				
	E-mail/Calendar/	3:00 - 4:00	On the job training w the CSR/Tellers						On the job training w the CSR/Tellers
	Phone System Orientation/ Voicemails/Transfers	4:00 - 5:00			On the job training w the CSR/Tellers				en une congrementa

- ✓ 30 or 60-day "How did we do" feedback interview or survey
- ✓ Have some of your newer hires help develop what the on-boarding experience should look like
- Ask yourself and your team this question: Training & On-board – What does it look like today? What do you want it to look like?



# Performance Reviews Best Practices

- ✓ Perfect Phrases for Performance Reviews (amazon.com)
- ✓ Ask for assistance with difficult phrases
- ✓ Expectations by position AND my team non-negotiables
- ✓ Are we measuring what is relevant to the job?



- ✓ Where possible, allow the team member to do their own self-evaluation or provide their insight into their performance ahead of you completing the evaluation.
- ✓ Be very specific with examples when identifying areas of weakness or improvement suggestions
- ✓ Focus on your observations not "here is what others are telling me about you"
- ✓ Complete performance reviews on time if not early PERIOD! What message do you send to your team member if you are late?
- ✓ NEVER leave "Supervisor Feedback" section blank what message does this send?
- ✓ Be HONEST in providing feedback. Giving all 5's is easier and less confrontational...
- ✓ Being clear is KIND, being unclear is UNKIND Brene' Brown

72% of employees say they thought their performance would improve if given accurate corrective feedback

74% of employees believe their performance reviews are inaccurate reflections of what they achieved at work – Harvard Business Review study



Strengths	Areas of Growth



### YOUR PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS Vicki Kraai & Karen Butcher



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